

Emissions Inventory EXAMPLE: Roofing Asphalt**General Process Form - 1999**

Permit number(s) _____

1- Process ID _____

☐ 2- Process Type/Description: Asphalt used for roofing3- Stack ID(s) (only if required on Stack Form) NA4- Process TIER Code: 080602 SOLVENT UTILIZATION, NONINDUSTRIAL, OTHER ASPHALT5- SCC Code (none) (8 digit number) _____

6- Seasonal Throughput Percent: Dec-Feb _____% Mar-May _____% Jun-Aug _____% Sep-Nov _____%

7- Normal Operating Schedule: Hours/Day _____ Days/Week _____ Hours/Year _____

8- Typical Hours of Operation (military time) Start _____ End _____

☐ 9- Emissions based on (name of material or other parameter) (e.g. "rock", "diesel", "vehicle miles traveled") roofing asphalt10- ☒ Used (input) or ☐ Produced (output)☐ 11- Annual Amount (a number) _____12- Unit of Measure (for example: tons, gallons, 1000 cu ft, acres, units produced, etc.) tons

13- Unit Conversion Factor (if needed to convert Unit of Measure to correlate with emission factor units, see Attachment 5) _____

Emission Factor (EF) Information				Control Device Information						
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Pollutant	Emission Factor (EF) (number)	EF Units (lbs per)	Controlled EF? Yes or No	Calculation Method Code*	Capture% Efficiency	Primary Control Device ID	Secondary Control Device ID	Control Device(s) % Efficiency	Efficiency Reference Code**	Estimated Actual Emissions
VOC	20	ton	No	6						lb

How to calculate emissions: Multiply annual usage (line #11, in tons) × 20 (lbs/ton, column #15) = column #24, Estimated emissions.**Example:** 100 tons of asphalt x 20 lb/ton = 2000 lb of VOC emissions**You may use this form for reporting.*****Calculation Method Codes**

- 1 = Continuous Emissions Monitoring Measurements
- 2 = Best Guess/ Engineering Judgment
- 3 = Material Balance
- 4 = Source Test Measurements (Stack Test)
- 5 = AP-42/ FIRE Method or Emission Factor
- 6 = State or Local Agency Emission Factor
- 7 = Manufacturer Specifications

****Control Efficiency Reference Codes**

- 1 = Tested efficiency / EPA reference method
- 2 = Tested efficiency / other source test method
- 3 = Design value from manufacturer
- 4 = Best guess / engineering estimate
- 5 = Calculated, based on material balance
- 6 = Estimated, based on a published value